

Kernow Clinical Commissioning Group

ORTHODONTIC REFERRAL PROFORMA

Patient Details			
Name:			
Telephone & Mobile No.			
Date of Birth:			
Address:			
Translator required? If yes, 1 st language of the patient:			
Clinician Details			
Name of Referring Clinician:			Date:
Practice:			
Practice Telephone Number:			
GP name and address:			
Please tick one or more reasons below for your referral. Further descriptions for each reason are available overleaf.			
Non palpable, unerupted, permanent canines in patient aged 10 years (see note 9)			te 9)
1) Overjet >6mm <10mm] >10mm □	8) Presence of supernum	nerary teeth
2) Reverse overjet -1mm] >-1mm □	9) Impacted teeth inc canines	
3) Traumatic overbite		10) Submerged deciduous teeth	
4) Open bites > 4mm		11) Aesthetic impairment	
5) Ant/Post x-bite with displacement		12) Possible surgical case	
i) Crowded / Malaligned teeth		13) GDP would like an opinion \Box	
7) Missing teeth			
PREFERRED CONSULT (as per guidelines of		Secondary Care RCHT / PHNT / NDHT	Primary Care

Primary Care Orthodontic Providers:

A) River Practice Specialist Centre

C) WestFace Orthodontics

E) Trestone Orthodontic Practice

G) Peninsula Community Health

B) Orthodontic Penzance

Delete if not required

- D) Mr Steve Adams
- F) Mr Dai Jones

Patients referred for orthodontic treatment must be dentally fit and have good oral hygiene

NHS Orthodontic Referral Guidelines

This orthodontic referral proforma is to help you decide which patient needs a referral for NHS Orthodontic treatment and which provider is the most suitable. You may attach a letter providing further details if you wish.

RCHT= Hospital service P = Primary Care

1) Overjet: measured from the most prominent of the four incisors. Action- if >6mm but <10mm, refer to RCHT or P.

2) Reverse overjet:

Action - Edge to edge to -1mm refer to P. If > -1mm, refer to RCHT

3) Traumatic overbite: increased complete overbite with signs of trauma to the labial or palatal tissues. Action- refer to **RCHT or P**

4) Open bites Ant/Post: >4m.

Action - if linked to a digit habit refer to P. If not, refer to RCHT

5) Ant/ Post X bite with displacement: mandibular displacement from RCP to ICP greater than 2mm. Action - refer to RCHT or P

6) Crowded / Malaligned Teeth: Action - refer to P or RCHT

7) Missing teeth: this relates to:

a) Hypodontia congenitally absent teeth commonly, upper laterals or second premolars (third molars do not count)

b) Avulsed teeth or inappropriate extractions (e.g. space remaining due to early loss of one or more first molars)

Action – moderate to severe hypodontia, refer to RCHT unless less than 3 teeth missing then refer to P

8) Presence of supernumerary teeth: Extra teeth causing a problem. Action - refer to RCHT

9) Impacted teeth: a) simple tipped teeth causing food packing b) moderate /severe impactions, including impeded eruption – not enough room for a tooth to erupt c) impacted or palatal canines - if the maxillary canines cannot be palpated in the buccal sulcus by age 9-10 years, they may be ectopic and further investigations should be carried out. **Action** - if a) refer to **P**, if b) refer to **RCHT or P**, if c) refer to **RCHT or P**

10) Submerged deciduous teeth: adjacent teeth grossly tipped towards each other, premolar impacted or missing.
Action - refer to P or RCHT

11) Aesthetic impairment: in a select number of cases treatment may be justifiable on grounds of "aesthetic impairment". If you feel this is the case then the patient should be referred for a specialist opinion, but warned that treatment may not be available on the NHS. **Action** - refer to **P or RCHT**

12) Possible surgical case: for severe skeletal discrepancy, defects of cleft lip palate, craniofacial anomalies and impacted canines.
Action - refer to RCHT

13) GDP opinion: where a GDP has real concerns regarding an individual patient then a referral for a specialist opinion remains entirely appropriate. Action- refer to **P or RCHT**

14) Patient over 18 :-

No patient over 18 is eligible for routine adult orthodontic treatment on the NHS UNLESS they apply to category (9b) or (12) above then refer to **RCHT**.